

| File Type | Full text | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|--------------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Features | Thesauri | | Patent Classification, Co nal Patent Classification | - | Patent Classification, | |
| | Alerts (SDIs) | Every upd | late (twice a week), We | ekly, or Mo | nthly (Weekly is the defa | ault) |
| | CAS Registry Number [®] Identifiers | $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$ | Page Images | | <u>STN[®] AnaVist™</u> | \checkmark |
| | Keep & Share | \checkmark | <u>SLART</u> | \checkmark | <u>STN Easy[®]</u> | \checkmark |
| | Learning Database | | Structures | | | |
| Record Content | Full text and current classifications for the original (first published) publications of U.S. patents and applications issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office since 1975 Complete Chemical Abstracts indexing for one equivalent U.S. chemical patent may also be included in a record Legal status information for U.S. patents since 1980 Patent Classifications: NCL, CPC, IPC PatentPak® - specific PDF links and data (available to PatentPak subscribers only) | | | | e 1975 t may | |
| File Size | More than 10.9 million records (04/2022) | | | | | |
| Coverage | | cations fro | ed technologies 1971 m 1976-present)1-present | -1974 | | |
| Updates | Cooperative Pa | tent Classi | s – no longer updatec fications – updated w ifications – updated q | veekly | | |
| Language | English | | | | | |
| Database Producer | U.S. Patent and Tr Office of Data Bas Data Maintenance 2011 Jefferson-Da Arlington, VA 222 | e Administ Division vis Highwa | ration | | | |
| Sources | U.S. patents issue | d by the U. | S. Patent and Trader | nark Offic | e | |
| User Aids | Online Helps (H STNGUIDE | IELP DIRE | CTORY lists all help | messages | s available) | |
| | | | | | | |

| Clusters | AEROTECH AGRICULTURE ALLBIB AUTHORS BIOSCIENCE CASRNS COMPUTER CONSTRUCTION CORPSOURCE ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING ENVIRONMENT FUELS FULLTEXT | GEOSCIENCE HANAVIST HEALTH MATERIALS MEDICINE METALS NPS PATENTS PETROLEUM PHARMACOLOGY PHYSICS PNTTEXT POLYMERS USPATALL STN Database Clusters information (PDF). |
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| Related Databases | USPAT2USPATOLD | |
| Pricing | Enter HELP COST at an arrow prompt (=>). | |

Search and Display Field Codes

Fields that allow left truncation are marked with an asterisk (*).

| Search Field Name | Search Code | Search Examples | Display Codes |
|--|---|--|---|
| Basic Index * (contains single words from the title (TI), abstract (AB), claims (CLM), detailed description (DETD), summary (SUMM), drawing description (DRWD), parent case data (PARN), and government interest (GOVI) fields) | None (or /BI) | S GROWTH REGUL? S NAPHTHALENE? S ?VECTOR? | AB, CLM, DETD, DRWD, GOVI, PARN, SUMM, TI |
| Abstract * Accession Number | /AB /AN | S COBALT CATALYST?/AB S 94:1112/AN | AB AN |
| Applicant City (Corporate) (12) Applicant Country (Corporate) (12) Applicant Name (Corporate) (12) Applicant State (Corporate) (12) Application Country Application Date (1) | /USPA.CTY /USPA.CNY /USPA /USPA.ST /AC /AD | S 2001:100195/AN S CAMBRIDGE/USPA.CTY S ARGENTINA/USPA.CNY S GENOMICS/USPA S OH/USPA.ST S US/AC AND L1 S NOV 23 1998/AD | USPA USPA USPA USPA AI AI |
| Application Number (2,11) | /AP | S 19981123/AD S US1977-851992/AP S US2013-13261341/AP | AI |
| Application Year (1) Art Unit (1) | /AY /ARTU | S 1997/AY S 126/ARTU | AI ARTU |
| CAS Registry Number (RN) (CAS data) Claim Text * Classification Code (CAS data) (code and text) (3) | (or /ART) /RN /CLM /CC | S 60-35-5/RN S COBALT (S) SALT#/CLM S 27/CC S HETEROCYCLIC/CC | IT, RN CLM CC |
| Controlled Term (CAS data) Cooperative Patent Classification (4,10) Cooperative Patent Classification, Action Date | /CT /CPC /CPC.ACD | S ANIMAL GROWTH SUBSTANCES/CT S C12N0009/CPC S 20121113/CPC.ACD | CT, IT CPC CPC.TAB |
| Cooperative Patent Classification, Combination Sets | /CPC.CS | S (B29C0066-71 (L) B29K2021-00)/CPC.CS S (B29C0066-71 AND B29K2021-00)/CPC.CS S C04B0028-04/CPC (T) COMBINATION SET/CPC.KW | CPC.TAB |
| Cooperative Patent Classification, Keywords (10) | /CPC.KW | S C12N0009/CPC (S) I/CPC.KW | CPC.TAB |
| Cooperative Patent Classification, Version Cooperative Patent Initial Classification Disclaimer Date (1) | /CPC.VER /CPCI /DCD | S 20130101/CPC.VER S A61K0006-0014/CPCI S 19940111/DCD S IANI 11 1004/DCD | CPC.TAB CPCI DCD |
| Document Type (code and text) Entry Date (1) Examiner Name Examiner's Field of Search Exemplary Claim Text * Field Availability (code and text) | /DT (or /TC) /ED /EXNAM /EXF /ECLM /FA | S JAN 11 1994/DCD S REISSUE/DT S L1 AND ED>JAN 1, 2001 S SIEGEL ALAN M/EXNAM S 564/EXF;S 564/48/EXF S COBALT (S) MIXTURE/ECLM S PARENT CASE DATA/FA S PARN/FA | DT Not displayed EXNAM EXF CLM, ECLM Not displayed |
| File Segment (code and text) Government Interest Index Term (CAS data) | /FS /GOVI /IT | S GRANTED/FS or S APPLICATION/FS S W-7405-ENG-48/GOVI S REACTION OF/IT S 61895-14-5P/IT | FS GOVI IT |
| Inventor Inventor Address, City Inventor Address, Country | /IN (or /AU) /IN.CTY /IN.CNY | S BENTLEY TERENCE J?/IN S CRANBURY/IN.CTY S JAPAN/IN.CNY | IN IN, INA IN, INA |
| Inventor Address, State Inventor Address, ZIP code (1) | /IN.ST /IN.ZIP | S NJ/IN.ST S 43017/IN.ZIP | IN, INA IN, INA |

Search and Display Field Codes (cont'd)

| Search Field Name | Search Code | Search Examples | Display Codes |
|--|--|--|--|
| International Patent Classification, Action Date International Patent Classification, Keyword Terms International Patent Classification, Main (4,5.9) | /IPC.ACD /IPC.KW /ICM | S 20010529/IPC.ACD S INITIAL/IPC.KW S C07D/ICM S C07D-209/ICM S C07D-209-34/ICM S C07C-125/06/ICM | IPC IPC ICM |
| International Patent Classification, Main Group | /MGR | S A01B001-00-A01B003-00/ICM S ENZYMES/ICM S 200-209/MGR | ICM |
| Range-Searchable (1) International Patent Classification, Secondary (4,5,9) | /ICS | S C07C125/ICS S A01B001/00-A01B003/00/ICS | ICS |
| International Patent Classification, Subgroup Range-Searchable (1) | /SGR | S ENZYMES/ICS S 400-600/SGR | IPC |
| International Patent Classification, Version(s) (1) Language (code and text) Legal Representative (3) Line Count (1) National Patent Classification, Current, Main and Secondary (4,6) | /IPC.VER /LA /LREP (or /AG) /LN.CNT /NCL | S 7/IPC.VER S L1 AND EN/LA S JACKSON H G/LREP S 1000-1500/LN.CNT S 106035000/NCL S 106/035.000/NCL S 106/35/NCL | IPC LA LREP LN.CNT NCL |
| National Patent Classification, Current, Main (4,6) | /NCLM | S ZEOLITES+NT/NCL S 423308000/NCLM S 423/NCLM | NCLM |
| National Patent Classification Current, Secondary (4,6) | /NCLS | S ZEOLITES+NT/NCLM S 106038000/NCLS S 106/NCLS S ZEOLITES+NT/NCLS | NCLS |
| National Patent Classification, Issue, Main and Secondary (4,6) | /INCL | S 433228000/INCL S 433/INCL S 433/227-433/229/INCL S ZEOLITES+NT/INCL | INCL |
| National Patent Classification, Issue, Main (4,6) | /INCLM | S 523118000/INCLM S 523/INCLM S ZEOLITES+NT/INCLM | INCLM |
| National Patent Classification, Issue, Secondary (4,6) | /INCLS | S 106035000/INCLS S 106/INCLS S ZEOLITES+NT/INCLS | INCLS |
| Other Source Patent Assignee (3) Patent Assignee Address, City Patent Assignee Address, Country Patent Assignee Address, State Patent Assignee Address, ZIP code (1) Patent Assignee Type Patent Assignee, Original Patent Country Patent Kind (7) Patent Number (2) Patent Number/Kind Code Priority Country Priority Date (1) | /OS /PA (or /CS) /PA.CTY /PA.CNY /PA.ST /PA.ZIP /PAT /PAO /PC /PK /PN PNK /PRC /PRD | S 99:9994/OS S AMERICAN CYANAMID/PA S STAMFORD/PA.CTY S UNITED KINGDOM/PA.CNY S CT/PA.ST S 53201/PA.ZIP S U S CORPORATION/PAT S ABBOTT/PAO S US/PC AND L2 S USA1/PK S US5933861/PN S US2001008908/PN S US20050136407/PNK S DE/PRC S 19981213/PRD S PRD>=DEC 13 1998 | OS PA PA PA PA PAT PAO, RAI PI PI PI PNK PRAI PRAI |
| Priority Number (2,8,11) | /PRN | S DE1990-4041295/PRN S US2013-61686038/PRN S US2013-686038P/PRN | PRAI |

Search and Display Field Codes (cont'd)

| Search Field Name | Search Code | Search Examples | Display Codes |
|--|----------------|--|---------------------|
| Priority Year (1) | /PRY | S PRY>=1997 | PRAI |
| Publication Date (1) | /PD | S JUNE 1 1999/PD | PI |
| Publication Year (1) | /PY | S PY>=1998 | PI |
| Reassignment Agent | /RAA | S BAKER BOTTS/RAA | RAA, RAI |
| Reassignment Company | /RAC | S ABBOTT/RAC | RAC, RAI |
| Reassignment Country | /RAC.CNY | S AUSTRALIA/RAC.CNY | RAI |
| Reassignment Date (1) | /RAD | S 20070411/RAD | RAD, RAI |
| Reassignment Recorded Year (1) | /RARY | S 2010/RARY | Not displayed |
| Reassignment Execution Date (1) | /RAXD | S 20080324/RAXD | RAXD, RAI |
| Reassignment Execution Year (1) | /RAXY | S 2011/RAXY | Not displayed |
| Reassignment Kind | /RAK | S CABLE/RAK | RAK, RAI |
| Reassignment Update Date (1) | /RAUP | S 20071004/RAUP | RAUP, RAI |
| Reference Non-Patent Information | /REN | S HOUSE/REN | REN |
| | / | S SYNTHE? REACTION#/REN | |
| Reference Patent Classification (4,6) | /RPCL | S 100003000/RPCL | REP |
| Reference Patent Country | /RPC | S L7 AND US/RPC | REP |
| Reference Patent Inventor | /RPIN | S ASATO/RPIN | REP |
| Reference Patent IPC | /RPIC | S A01B/RPIC | REP |
| | // · C | S A01B069/RPIC | |
| | | S A01B069-04/RPIC | |
| Reference Patent Number (2) | /RPN | S US5174198/RPN | REP |
| Reference Patent Publication Date (1) | /RPD | S DEC 1992/RPD | REP |
| Reference Patent Publication Year (1) | /RPY | S 1970/RPY | REP |
| Related Application Country | /RLC | S US/RLC | RLI |
| Related Application Date (1) | /RLD | S 12 AUG 1976/RLD | RLI |
| Related Application Number (2,11) | /RLN | S US76-713768/RLN | RLI |
| | | S US2000-532918/RLN | · · · · · |
| Related Application Type | /RLT | S DIVISION OF/RLT | RLI |
| Related Application Year (1) | /RLY | S RLY<1976 | RLI |
| Related Patent Publication Date (1) | /RLPD | S 2011/RLPD | RLI |
| Related Patent Number (2) | /RLPN | S US13887504/RLPN | RLI |
| Related Patent Publication Year (1) | /RLPY | S 1973/RLPY | RLI |
| Related Publication Indicator | /RLP | S ABANDONED/RLP | RLI |
| Section Cross-reference (CAS data) (3) | /SX | S 14/CC,SX | CC, SX |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | S PHARMACOLOGY/SX | , |
| Supplementary Term (CAS data) | /ST | S GROWTH PROMOT?/ST | ST |
| Term of Patent (1) | /PTERM | S 1-4/PTERM | PTERM |
| Title * | /TI | S THIOPHEN?/TI | ТІ |
| Update Date (1) | /UP | S L2 AND UP>NOV 1 2001 | Not displayed |
| Update Date of CA Indexing (1) | /UPCA | S UPCA>=20011106 | Not displayed |
| Title * Update Date (1) | /UP | S THIOPHEN?/TI S L2 AND UP>NOV 1 2001 | TI Not displayed |

(1) Numeric search field that may be searched with numeric operators or ranges.

(2) Either STN format or Derwent format may be used.

(3) Search with implied (S) proximity is available in this field.

(4) An online thesaurus is available for this field.

(6) This field is range-searchable in Manual of Classification order. However, it is not a numeric field and may not be searched using numeric operators.

(7) Available for patent documents published starting in 2001.

- (8) U.S. provisional priority numbers are searched only with the P appended, e.g., US1999-121903P/PRN.
- (9) These fields have not been populated since December 31, 2005 with the introduction of IPC Reform.

(10) When searching combinations of CPC and CPC.KW data, use (S) proximity operator.

(11) Application numbers for U.S. utility patents from series code 13 forward, design patents (series code 29) and provisional patent applications (series code 60 and 61) may be searched either with or without their series code. Include the series code if known to ensure precision. Note that provisional patent application numbers searched without their series codes must have a P appended to the end of the number (e.g., US2013-686038P). Series code information is not available for U.S. patent application numbers with series codes below 13.

(12) Available for selected patent documents usually from September 2012 or later.

⁽⁵⁾ This field contains the classifications and catchwords for main classification subject headings and subheadings from the current (7th) edition of the WIPO International Patent Classifications (IPC) manual. To search the classifications from any of the specific editions (1-8) of the IPC manual, use the field code followed by the edition number, e.g., /IC2, ICM2, /ICS2 for the 2nd edition. Catchwords are included only in the fields for the 7th, 6th, and 5th editions of the IPC manual.

Property Fields(1)

In USPATFULL a numeric search for a specific set of physical properties (/PHP) is available within the Basic Index fields (most notably TI, AB, CLM, DETD, and SUMM). The numeric values are not displayed as single fields, but ARE instead highlighted within HIT, KWIC and ALL displays.

EXPAND in the /PHP field to find numeric properties of interest, or type HELP NPS at an arrow prompt while in USPATFULL to see a list of all available numeric properties. The /PHP index contains a complete list of codes and related text for all physical properties available for numeric property searching in USPATFULL.

| /AOS /BIR /BIR /BIR (CAP (CAPA) Capacitance (CATA Catalytic Activity (CATA Catalytic Activity (CATA Catalytic Activity (CATA Catalytic Activity (CATA Catalytic Activity (CATA ConcentrationMol Bit Bit Farad Ampere/Square Meter A/m2 Ampere/Square Meter A/m2 SCDN>10 A/M**2 SCDN>10 |
|---|
| /BIR /BIR /BITBit Rate Stored Information (CAPBit/Second Bitbit/s BitS 8000-10000/BIR S BIT > 3 MEGABIT S BIT > 3 MEGABIT/CAP /CATACapacitance Capacitance /CDNFarad Farad Ampere/Square MeterFS 1 1 0 MF/CAP S CDN>10 A/M*2/CON /CDNCurrent Density Molarity, Molar ConcentrationAmpere/Square Meter Mol/LiterA/m² Mol/L Mol/LS UREA/BI (S) 8/CMOL/CON /CON /CON /DBConductance DecibelSiemens DegreeSS 15-3/CON/DEG /DEG /DEG /DEGDegreeDegree Begree°S CYLINDER/BI (S) 45/DEG/DEQ /DOA /DOA /DOADose Equivalent Milligram/Kilogram/Day Milligram/Kilogram/Day Milligram/KilogramS 5S 100/DEQ/DOA /CCA /CCADose EquivalentSievert Pascal * Second CoulombSvS 100/DEQ/DOA /CCA /CCADose Electrical ConductivitySiemens/MeterS/mS ECO-800 S/M (15A) AQUEOUS//ECA /(ECA) //ELF /(ECC)Electric Current Ferequency /ENEAmpere AS 1-10/ELCS 200/ELF//ERE /(FCRES) //FOR /FOR /FRE (/F)Electrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1//ERE //ERE //UElectrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1//ERE //ERE (/F)Force Frequency Hertz noneNS 50 N //FOR S SOCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE S SU2-100 (P) VITAMIN A S SU2-100 (P) VITAMIN A 100-200 CST/KV//LENLength, SizeMeter |
| /BITStored InformationBitBitBitS BIT > 3 MEGABIT/CATACatapacitanceFaradFS 1-10 MF/CAP/CATACatalytic ActivityKatalkatS 200-250 KAT/CATA/CDNCurrent DensityAmpere/Square MeterA/m2S CDN>10 A/M*2/CONConcentrationMol/Litermol/LS UREA/BI (S) 8/CMOL/CONConcentrationDecibeldBS DB>50/DEGDegreeDegree°S CYLINDER/BI (S) 45/DEG/DEQDose EquivalentSievertSvS 100/DEQ/DOADosageMilligram/Kilogram/Daymg/kg/dayS D0S-50.8/DVViscosity, dynamicPascal * SecondPa * sS D0/S08.0/DECElectric ChargeCoulombCS 0001-0.001/ECH/(CCHA)Electric CurrentAmpereAS 1-10/ELC//ECCElectric FieldVott/MeterV/mS 200/ELF//EREElectric FieldVott/MeterV/mS 200/ELF//EREElectric FieldVott/MeterV/mS 200/ELF//EREElectric FieldVott/MeterMill and thereN//FREFrequencyNewtonNS 50 N /FOR//FREFrequencyHertzHzS OSCILLAT7/BI (S) 1-3/FRE//LENLength, SizeMeterm*S IL-10/LEN |
| /CAP /CATACapacitance catalytic ActivityFarad katalFS 1-10 MF/CAP/CDNCurrent Density Molarity, Molar ConcentrationAmpere/Square Meter Mol/LiterA/m² mol/LS CDN>10 A/M**2 S UREA/BI (S) 8/CMOL/CONConductance ConcentrationSiemens DecibelSS 15-3/CON S UREA/BI (S) 8/CMOL/DBDecibelDecibeldBS DB>50 S CYLINDER/BI (S) 45/DEG/DEGDegreeDegree ConcentrationSievertSv/DEQDose Equivalent Viscosity, dynamic (/ECHSievertSvS 100/DEQ mg/kg/day mg/kg/day mg/kg/day S D0>0.0001-0.001/ECH/DVViscosity, dynamic (/ECH)Siemens/MeterS/mS ECO-800 S/M (15A) AQUEOUS/ECHElectric ClargeCoulombCS 0.0001-0.001/ECH//ECCElectric Current (/ECC)AmpereAS 1-10/ELC//ELF (/ECF)Electric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF//ERE (/ECF)Electric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF//ERE (/ERES)Force Frequency International UnitNewton HertzNS 50 N /FOR//FRE (/F) //IUFrequency International UnitNewton NewtonNS 50 N /FOR//ELFLength, SizeMeterMeterMS 00/FOR//FRE //LULength, SizeMeterMS 00/FOR//FRE //LULength, SizeMetermS 1-4/LEN |
| /CATA /CDNCatalytic Activity Current DensityKatal Ampere/Square Meter Molarity, Molar Concentrationkat Ampere/Square Meter Mol/LiterS 200-250 KAT/CATA S CDN>10 A/M**2 S UREA/BI (S) 8/CMOL/CONConductance ConcentrationSiemens DecibelSS UREA/BI (S) 8/CMOL//DEGDecibel DecibelDecibel DecipeedB S DB>50S CYLINDER/BI (S) 45/DEG/DEQDoesity (Mass ConcentrationSievertSv mg/kg/day mg/kg S DOS>0.8S 100/DEQ/DEADose Equivalent Viscosity, dynamic (CHA)SievertSv Pascal* SecondS 100/DEQ/DCHElectric Charge (CHA)CoulombC S 0.0001-0.001/ECHS 00S>0.8//ECO (/CHA)Electric ConductivitySiemens/MeterS/mS ECO>800 S/M (15A) AQUEOUS//ECC (/ECND)Electric Current (/ECC)AmpereAS 1-10/ELC//ECF (/ECF)Electric Field (/ECF)Volt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF//ERE (/ECF)Electrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS 50 N /FOR//ERE (/ERES)Force Force (/ERES)Newton N * S 50 N /FORN S 0S N /FORS 0S N /FOR//ERE (/LENLectrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS 50 N /FOR//ERE (/LENLectrical ResistivityOhm * MeterN N R* S 0S N /FORS 0S N /FOR//ERE (/LENLectrical ResistivityOhm * MeterN MaterS 0S N /FOR//ERE (/LENLectrical ResistivityOhm * M |
| //CDN /CMOLCurrent Density Molarity, Molar ConcentrationAmpere/Square Meter Mol/LiterA/m2 mol/LS CDN>10 A/M**2 S UREA/BI (S) 8/CMOL//CONConductanceSiemensSS 15-3/CON//DBDecibelDecibeldBS DB>50//DEN (/C)Density (Mass ConcentrationKilogram/Cubic Meterkg/m3S 5E-3-10E-3/DEN//DEQDoss E quivalentSievertSvS 100/DEQ/DOADosageMilligram/Kilogram/Day Milligram/Kilogrammg/kg/dayS 100/DEQ/DOSDoseMilligram/Kilogrammg/kgS DD>50000//ECHElectric ChargeCoulombCS 0.0001-0.001/ECH//CCAHAElectric ChargeCoulombCS 0.0001-0.001/ECH//ECOElectric CurrentAmpereAS 1-10/ELC//ELCElectric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF//EREElectric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF//EREElectrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1//FORForceNewtonNS 50 N /FOR//FRE (/F)ForceNewtonNS 50 N /FOR//FRE (/F)ForceNewtonMeterHerz//LUInternational Unit Viscosity, kinematicSquare Meter/SecondMS 10-4/LEN//LENLength, SizeMeterm²/sS 10 /fOR |
| /CMOLMolarity, Molar ConcentrationMol/Litermol/LS UREA/BI (S) 8/CMOL/CONConductanceSiemensSS\$15-3/CON/DBDecibelDecibelDecibeldBS DB>50/DEGDegree°S CYLINDER/BI (S) 45/DEG/DEN (/C)Density (MassKilogram/Cubic Meterkg/m³S 5E-3-10E-3/DEN//DCADose EquivalentSievertSvS 100/DEQ/DOADosageMilligram/Kilogrammg/kgS DOS-0.8/DVViscosity, dynamicPascal * SecondPa * sS DV>5000/ECCHElectric ChargeCoulombCS 0.001-0.001/ECH/(CHA)Electric CurrentAmpereAS 1-10/ELC/(ECN)//ECFElectric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF//EREElectrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1//EREElectrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1//ERE (/F)ForceNewtonNS 50 N /FOR//FRE (/F)FrequencyNewtonNS 50 N /FOR//FRE (/F)ForceNewtonNS 50 N /FOR//EREForceNewtonNS 50 N /FOR//EREForceN |
| Concentration /CONConductance ConductanceSiemens DecibelSSS 15-3/CON/DB /DEG /DEG /DEN (/C)Decibel DegreeDecibel DegreedB S DB>50 S CYLINDER/BI (S) 45/DEG S SE-3-10E-3/DEN/DEN (/C)Density (Mass ConcentrationKilogram/Cubic Meterkg/m3S 5E-3-10E-3/DEN/DEQ /DOADose Equivalent Dose (/DOASievert Milligram/KilogramSv mg/kg/day mg/kgS 10 MG/KG/DAY/DOA/DOS /DVViscosity, dynamic (/CHA)Second CoulombCS 0.001-0.001/ECH//CCA /(CCA)Electric Charge CoulombCoulombCS 0.001-0.001/ECH//CCA /(ECND)Electric CurrentAmpereAS 1-10/ELC//ECF /(ECF) /(ECF)Electric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF//ERE /(ECF)Electrical Resistivity (/ERES)Ohm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1//ERE //WViscosity, kinematicNewton N RequercyN Hertz Hz S 0 SCILLAT?/BI (S) 1-3/FRE S 0SCILLAT?/BI (S) 1-3/FRE S 000 (P) VITAMIN A S METHYLPOLYSILOXANES/BI (10A) 100-200 CST/KV//LENLength, SizeMetermS 1-4/LEN |
| /CONConductanceSiemensSSS 1S-3/CON//DBDecibelDecibelDecibeldBS DB>50/DEGDegreeDegreeS CYLINDER/BI (S) 45/DEG/DEQDose EquivalentSievertkg/m3S 5E-3-10E-3/DEN/DOADosageMilligram/Kilogram/Daymg/kg/dayS 10 MG/KG/DAY/DOA/DOSDoseMilligram/Kilogrampascal * SecondPa * sS DV>5000/ECHElectric ChargeCoulombCS 0.0001-0.001/ECH//CCAN//CCANElectric CurrentAmpereAS 1-10/ELC//ECFElectric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF//ECFElectric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF//ECFElectric al ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1//EREElectrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS 5000/LLAT?/BI (S) 1-3/FRE//EREForceNewtonNS 5000/LLAT?/BI (S) 1-3/FRE//LUInternational UnitNewtonNS 5000/LLAT?/BI (S) 1-3/FRE//LENLength, SizeMeterm²/sS METHYLPOLYSILOXANES/BI (10A)//LENLength, SizeMetermS 1-4/LEN |
| /DB /DEGDecibelDecibelDegreeo DegreeS DB>50 S CYLINDER/BI (S) 45/DEG/DEN (/C)Density (Mass ConcentrationKilogram/Cubic Meterkg/m3S 5E-3-10E-3/DEN/DEQDose EquivalentSievertSvS 100/DEQ/DOADosageMilligram/Kilogram/Day Milligram/Kilogrammg/kgS DOS>0.8/DVViscosity, dynamicPascal * SecondPa * sS DV>5000/ECHElectric ChargeCoulombCS 0.0001-0.001/ECH(/CHA)Electrical ConductivitySiemens/MeterS/mS ECO>800 S/M (15A) AQUEOUS/ECCElectric CurrentAmpereAS 1-10/ELC(/ECC)Electric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF/EREElectrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1/EREElectrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS 50 N /FOR/FORForceNewtonNS 50 N /FOR/FERE (/F)FrequencyHertzHzS OSCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE//UInternational UnitnoneMeterm²/sS METHYLOULYSILOXANES/BI (10A)/LENLength, SizeMetermS 1-4/LEN |
| /DEG /DEN (/C)Degree Density (Mass Concentration /DEQDegree Kilogram/Cubic Meter° kg/m3S CYLINDER/BI (S) 45/DEG S 5E-3-10E-3/DEN/DEQ /DOA /DOA /DOS /DOS /DOS /DOS /DOS /DOS /DOS /ECH (/CHA)Sievert Pascal* Second CoulombSv mg/kg/day mg/kg Pa * s CoulombS 100/DEQ S 0050.08 S 00001-0.001/ECH//CHA /(CHA) /ECO (/ECND)Electrical Conductivity Electric ClargeSiemens/MeterS/mS ECO-800 S/M (15A) AQUEOUS//ECC /(ECRD) //ELC (/ECC)Electric Current Electric FieldAmpereAS 1-10/ELC//ECF //ELF //ELFElectrical ResistivityOhm * MeterV/mS 200/ELF//ERE /(ECF) //ENEElectrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1//ERE //ERE //U //UForce Force Hertz Hertz NoneN Hertz Hertz Hertz HertzS 50 N /FOR Hz S 0SCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE S 0SCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE S 0SCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE S 0SCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE S 0SUSILAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE <br< td=""></br<> |
| /DEN (/C)Density (Mass ConcentrationKilogram/Cubic Meterkg/m³S 5E-3-10E-3/DEN/DEQDose EquivalentSievertSvS 100/DEQ/DOADosageMilligram/Kilogram/Day Milligram/Kilogrammg/kg/day mg/kgS 10 MG/KG/DAY/DOA/DVViscosity, dynamic (ECHElectric ChargePascal * Second CoulombPa * s CoulombS DV>5000/ECHElectric ChargeCoulombCS 0.0001-0.001/ECH//ECOElectric CurrentAmpereAS 1-10/ELC//ECC)Electric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF//ELFElectric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF//EREElectrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ER>0.1//EREForce //ERENewtonN HertzS 50 N/FOR//FRE (/F)Frequency International UnitNewtonN Square Meter/SecondS 50 N/FOR m²/s//LENLength, SizeMetermS 10.1000 (P) VITAMIN A 100-200 CST/KV |
| Zoncentration /DEQConcentration Dose Equivalent Dosage /DOSSievert Milligram/Kilogram/Day mg/kg/day Pascal * Second CoulombSvS 100/DEQ mg/kg S DOS>0.8 S DV>5000/DVViscosity, dynamic Electric ChargePascal * Second CoulombPa * s CS DV>5000/ECH (/CHA) //ECOElectrical ConductivitySiemens/MeterS/mS ECO>800 S/M (15A) AQUEOUS/ECC (/ECND)Electric CurrentAmpereAS 1-10/ELC//ELF (/ECC)Electric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF//ERE (/ECF)Electrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1//ERE (/ERES)Force Frequency International Unit /KVNewton HertzNS 50 N /FOR S S0 N /FOR//EN LENLength, SizeMetermetermS 10.100 (P) VITAMIN A 100-200 CST/KV |
| /DEQDose EquivalentSievertSvS 100/DEQ/DOADosageMilligram/Kilogram/Daymg/kg/dayS 10 MG/KG/DAY/DOA/DVViscosity, dynamicPascal * SecondPa * sS DV>5000/ECHElectric ChargeCoulombCS 0.0001-0.001/ECH/(CHA)Electrical ConductivitySiemens/MeterS/mS ECO>800 S/M (15A) AQUEOUS/ECOElectric CurrentAmpereAS 1-10/ELC/(ECND)Electric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF/(ECF)Electrical ResistivityJouleJS DROPLETS (10A) 40 JOULE - 70 JOULE /ENE/EREElectrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1/FORForceNewtonNS 50 N /FOR S OSCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE/IUInternational Unit /KVNoneIUS IU>1000 (P) VITAMIN A Square Meter/Second/LENLength, SizeMetermS 1-4/LEN |
| /DOA /DOSDosage DoseMilligram/Kilogram/Day Milligram/Kilogrammg/kg/day mg/kgS 10 MG/KG/DAY/DOA S DOS>0.8/DVViscosity, dynamic (ECH (/ECHA)Dese Viscosity, dynamic Electric ChargePascal * Second CoulombPa * s CoulombS DOS>0.8/ECO (/ECND)Electric ChargeCoulombCS 0.0001-0.001/ECH/ECO (/ECND)Electric Current (/ECC)AmpereAS 1-10/ELC/ELC (/ECC)Electric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF/EEF (/ECF)Electrical ResistivityJouleJS DROPLETS (10A) 40 JOULE - TO JOULE /ENE/ERE (/ERES)Electrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1/FOR /FRE (/F)Force Frequency International Unit /KVNewton Hertz noneNS 50 N /FOR S 0SCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE S 0SCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE/LENLength, SizeMeterm²/sS 1U-1000 (P) VITAMIN A S METHYLPOLYSILOXANES/BI (10A) |
| /DOS /DVDoseMilligram/Kilogram Pascal * Second Coulombmg/kgS DOS>0.8 S DV>5000/ECH (/CHA)Electric ChargePascal * Second CoulombPa * s CS DV>5000/ECO (/ECND)Electrical ConductivitySiemens/MeterS/mS ECO>800 S/M (15A) AQUEOUS/ELC (/ECC)Electric CurrentAmpereAS 1-10/ELC/ELF (/ECF)Electric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF/ENEEnergyJouleJS DROPLETS (10A) 40 JOULE - 70 JOULE /ENE/ERE (/ERES)Electrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1/FRE (/F) /IUForce Frequency International UnitNewton Hertz square Meter/SecondNS 50 N /FOR S SOSCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE S IU>1000 (P) VITAMIN A S METHYLPOLYSILOXANES/BI (10A) 100-200 CST/KV/LENLength, SizeMetermS 1-4/LEN |
| /DVViscosity, dynamic Electric ChargePascal * Second CoulombPa * s CS DV>5000 S 0.0001-0.001/ECH/ECH (/CHA)Electrical ConductivitySiemens/MeterS/mS ECO>800 S/M (15A) AQUEOUS/ELC (/ECND)Electric CurrentAmpereAS 1-10/ELC/ELF (/ECC)Electric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF/ENEElectrical ResistivityJouleJS DROPLETS (10A) 40 JOULE - 70 JOULE /ENE/ERE (/ERES)Electrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1/FRE (/F) /IUForce Frequency International Unit /KVNewton Hertz noneNS 50 N /FOR S METHYLPOLYSILOXANES/BI (10A) 100-200 CST/KV/LENLength, SizeMetermS 1-4/LEN |
| /ECH (/CHA) /ECO (/ECND)Electric Charge CoulombCoulombCS 0.0001-0.001/ECH//ECO (/ECND)Electrical ConductivitySiemens/MeterS/mS ECO>800 S/M (15A) AQUEOUS//ELC (/ECC)Electric CurrentAmpereAS 1-10/ELC//ELF (/ECF)Electric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF//ENE (/ECF)EnergyJouleJS DROPLETS (10A) 40 JOULE - 70 JOULE /ENE/ERE (/ERES)Electrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1/FRE (/F) /IUForce Frequency International Unit /KVNewton Hertz noneN Hz S 0SCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE S IU>1000 (P) VITAMIN A S METHYLPOLYSILOXANES/BI (10A) 100-200 CST/KV/LENLength, SizeMetermS 1-4/LEN |
| (/CHA) /ECO (/ECND)Electrical ConductivitySiemens/MeterS/mS ECO>800 S/M (15A) AQUEOUS//ELC (/ECC)Electric CurrentAmpereAS 1-10/ELC//ELF (/ECF)Electric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF//ERE (/ECF)EnergyJouleJS DROPLETS (10A) 40 JOULE - 70 JOULE /ENE/ERE (//ERES)Electrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1/FRE (/FRE (/F)Force Frequency International Unit /KVNewton Hertz noneN Hz S OSCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE S IU>1000 (P) VITAMIN A Square Meter/SecondS 1-4/LEN/LENLength, SizeMetermS 1-4/LEN |
| /ECO (/ECND) /ELC (/ECC)Electrical ConductivitySiemens/MeterS/mS ECO>800 S/M (15A) AQUEOUS/ELC (/ECC) /ELF (/ECF)Electric CurrentAmpereAS 1-10/ELC/ELF (/ECF)Electric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF/ENEEnergyJouleJS DROPLETS (10A) 40 JOULE - 70 JOULE /ENE/ERE (/ERES)Electrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * m/FOR /FOR /FRE (/F)Force Frequency International Unit /KVNewton Hertz noneN Hz S OSCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE S OSCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE S OSCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE IU S IU>1000 (P) VITAMIN A S METHYLPOLYSILOXANES/BI (10A) 100-200 CST/KV |
| /ELC (/ECC) /ELF (/ECF)Electric CurrentAmpereAS 1-10/ELC/ELF (/ECF)Electric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF/ENEEnergyJouleJS DROPLETS (10A) 40 JOULE - 70 JOULE /ENE/ERE (/ERES)Electrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1/FOR /FOR /FRE (/F)Force Frequency International Unit /KVNewton Hertz noneN Hz IU IU S IU>1000 (P) VITAMIN A S METHYLPOLYSILOXANES/BI (10A) 100-200 CST/KV/LENLength, SizeMetermS 1-4/LEN |
| (/ECC) /ELF (/ECF)Electric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF/ENEEnergyJouleJS DROPLETS (10A) 40 JOULE - 70 JOULE /ENE/ERE (/ERES)Electrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1/FOR /FOR /FRE (/F)Force Frequency International Unit /KVNewton Hertz noneNS 50 N /FOR S OSCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE S OSCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE S IU>1000 (P) VITAMIN A S quare Meter/Second/LENLength, SizeMetermS 1-4/LEN |
| /ELFElectric FieldVolt/MeterV/mS 200/ELF(/ECF)EnergyJouleJS DROPLETS (10A) 40 JOULE - 70 JOULE /ENE/ERE (/ERES)Electrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1/FOR /FOR /FRE (/F)ForceNewtonNS 50 N /FOR S OSCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE/IU /KVInternational Unit Viscosity, kinematicNeterIU S quare Meter/SecondS IU>1000 (P) VITAMIN A S METHYLPOLYSILOXANES/BI (10A) 100-200 CST/KV |
| /ENEEnergyJouleJS DROPLETS (10A) 40 JOULE - 70 JOULE /ENE/ERE (/ERES)Electrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1/FOR /FOR /FRE (/F)ForceNewtonNS 50 N /FOR/FRE (/F) /IU /KVFrequency International Unit Viscosity, kinematicNewtonNS 50 N /FOR/LENLength, SizeMeterMetermS 1-4/LEN |
| /ERE (/ERES)Electrical ResistivityOhm * MeterOhm * mS ERE>0.1/FOR /FOR /FRE (/F)Force Frequency International Unit /KVNewton Hertz noneNS 50 N /FOR S OSCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE IU IU/IU /KVInternational Unit Viscosity, kinematicNeterNS 1U>1000 (P) VITAMIN A S METHYLPOLYSILOXANES/BI (10A) 100-200 CST/KV/LENLength, SizeMetermS 1-4/LEN |
| /FOR /FRE (/F)Force Frequency International Unit /KVNewton Hertz noneN Hz IUS 50 N /FOR S OSCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE S IU>1000 (P) VITAMIN A S METHYLPOLYSILOXANES/BI (10A) 100-200 CST/KV/LENLength, SizeMetermS 1-4/LEN |
| /FRE (/F) /IU /KVFrequency International Unit Viscosity, kinematicHertz noneHz IU IU Square Meter/SecondS OSCILLAT?/BI (S) 1- 3/FRE S IU>1000 (P) VITAMIN A S METHYLPOLYSILOXANES/BI (10A) 100-200 CST/KV/LENLength, SizeMetermS 1-4/LEN |
| /IU International Unit none IU S IU>1000 (P) VITAMIN A /KV Viscosity, kinematic Square Meter/Second m²/s S METHYLPOLYSILOXANES/BI (10A) /LEN Length, Size Meter m S 1-4/LEN |
| /KV Viscosity, kinematic Square Meter/Second m²/s S METHYLPÓLYSILOXANES/BI (10A) /LEN Length, Size Meter m S 1-4/LEN |
| /LEN Length, Size Meter m S 1-4/LEN |
| |
| (/SIZ) |
| |
| /LÜME Luminous Emittance, Lux Ix S 10-50/LUME |
| /LUMF Luminous Flux Lumen Lm S LUMF>1000 |
| /LUMI Luminous Intensity Candela cd S LUMI<4 |
| /M Mass Kilogram kg S ALLOY/BI (30A) 1E-10-1E-5/M |
| /MCH Mass to Charge Ratio none m/z S MCH=1 |
| /MFD Magnetic Flux Tesla T S MFD>102 |
| (/MFS) Density |
| /MFR Mass Flow Rate Kilogram/Second kg/s S MFR<0.1 |
| (/MFL) |
| /MFST Magnetic Field Ampere/Meter A/m S 50 A/M/MFST |
| Strength |

Super Search Fields

Enter a super search code to execute a search in one or more fields that may contain the desired information. Super search fields facilitate crossfile and multifile searching. EXPAND may not be used with super search fields. Use EXPAND with the individual field codes instead.

| Search Field Name | Search Code | Fields Searched | Search Examples | Display Codes |
|--|----------------|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Cooperative Patent Classification (1) | /CPC | /CPCI, /CPCR | S C12N0009/CPC | CPC, CPCI, CPCR |
| International Patent Classifications (2,3) | /IPC | /IC, /ICM, /ICS, /IPCI, /IPCR | S A01B/IPC S A01B001/IPC | IPC |
| International Patent Classification (Old IPC) | /IPC.OLD | /IC, /ICM, /ICS | S A01?/IPC.OLD | IPC |
| Application Number Group (1,4) | /APPS | /AP, /PRN, /RLN | S US56-626454/APPS S 56US-0626454/APPS S US2013-13261341/APPS S US2013-261341/APPS | AI, PRAI, RLI |
| Patent Applicant/Assignee (5) Patent Country Group | /PASS /PCS | /PA, /USPA /PC, /PC. /RPC, /RPC | S GENOMICS/PASS S US/PCS AND L1 | PA, USPA PI, REP, RLI |
| Patent Number Group (1) | /PATS | /PN, /RLPN, /RPN | S US102601/PATS S US0102601/PATS | PI, REP, RLI |

(1) Either STN format or Derwent format may be used.

(2) A thesaurus is available for this field.

(3) EXPAND and SELECT work with this field.

(4) Application numbers for U.S. utility patents from series code 13 forward, design patents (series code 29) and provisional patent applications (series code 60 and 61) may be searched either with or without their series code. Include the series code if known to ensure precision. Note that provisional patent application numbers searched without their series codes must have a P appended to the end of the number (e.g., US2013-686038P). Series code information is not available for U.S. patent application numbers with series codes below 13.

(5) The /PASS search code only searches the applicant/assignee name portion of the /PA and /USPA fields.

CPC (/CPC) Thesaurus

The Cooperative Patent Classification (CPC) is jointly developed and maintained by the European Patent Office and the US Patent and Trademark Office. This thesaurus is available in the /CPC search field. All relationship codes can be used with both the EXPAND and SEARCH commands.

| Relationship Code | Content | Search Examples |
|---|---|---|
| ALL AUTO (1) BT CODE DEF HIE | All usually required terms (BT, SELF, CODE, DEF) Automatic relationship (BT, SELF, CODE, DEF) Broader terms (BT, SELF) Classification Code (SELF, CODE) Definition (SELF, DEF) Hierarchy terms (all broader and narrower terms) (BT, SELF, | E C12M0001-00+ALL/CPC E G01J003-443+AUTO/CPC E G01J0003-443+BT/CPC E CARTRIDGES+CODE/CPC E B65G0045-16+DEF/CPC E A01B0001-00+HIE/CPC |
| KT MAX NEXT NEXT(n) NT PREV PREV(n) TI | DEF, NT) Keyword terms (SELF, KT) All associated terms Next classification within the same class (SELF, NEXT) Next n classification within the same class Narrower terms Previous Code within the same class (SELF, PREV) Previous n classifications within the same class Complete Title of SELF Term and Broader Terms (BT, SELF) | E LASER+KT/CPC E G01J0003-44+MAX/CPC E A01B0001-24+NEXT/CPC E A01B0001-24+NEXT3/CPC E G05B0001-04+NT/CPC E G05B0019-00+PREV/CPC E G05B0019-00+PREV2/CPC E G05B0001-03+TI/CPC |

(1) Automatic Relationship is SET OFF. In case of SET REL ON the result of EXPAND or SEARCH without any relationship code is the same as described for AUTO.

Thesaurus Fields

A thesaurus is present for the National Patent Classification fields (/INCL, /INCLM, /INCLS, /NCL, /NCLM, /NCLS, /RPCL) and the International Patent Classification fields. The classifications and catchwords for the main headings and subheadings from the 7th edition of the WIPO International Patent Classification (IPC) manual are available in the following fields: /IC, /ICM, /ICS, /IPCI, and /IPCR. The classifications from the previous editions (1-7) are also available as separate thesauri. To EXPAND and SEARCH in the thesauri for editions 1-8, use the field code followed by the edition number, e.g., /IC2, /ICM2, /ICS2 for the 2nd edition. Catchwords are included only in the thesauri for the 8th, 7th, 6th, and 5th editions.

| Code | Content | Example |
|----------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| ALL | All associated terms | E 135100000+ALL/INCL |
| | | E A01N025-04+ALL/IPC |
| AUTO (1) | Automatic Relationship (BT, SELF) | E A01N025-06/IC REL=ON |
| ED | Validity Range | E A01B001-00+ED/IPC |
| HIE | Hierarchy (Broader and Narrower Terms | E 523523000+HIE/NCL |
| | (all Broader and Narrower Terms) | E A01B001-06+HIE/IPC |
| | (BT, SELF, NT) | |
| INDEX | IPC Index Terms | E A01B001-00+INDEX/IPC |
| TI | Complete Title of the SELF Term | E 135+TI/NCLM |
| | | E A01B001-04+TI/IPC |
| BT | Broader Terms | E 135120400+BT/NCLS |
| | (BT, SELF) | E A01N029-12+BT/IPC |
| KT | Keyword Terms (2) | E ZEOLITES+KT/NCL |
| | (SELF, KT) | |
| NT | Narrower Terms | E 126001**1+NT/INCL |
| | (SELF, NT) | E A01N025-00+NT/IPC |
| NEXT | Next Classification | E 135086000+NEXT15/INCL |
| | | E A01B001-20+NEXT3/ICS |
| PREV | Previous Classification | E 523523000+PREV3/NCLS |
| | | E A01B001-20+PREV5/IPC |
| BRO | Complete Class | E 135019000+BRO5/INCL |
| - | | E A01B001-20+BRO3/IPC |
| RT | Related Terms | E A01B001-16+RT/IPC |
| RT | Related Terms | |

(1) AUTOMATIC relationship is SET OFF. If you SET RELATION ON, the result of EXPAND without any relationship code is the same as described for AUTO.

(2) Keyword terms are the catchwords corresponding to the USPTO Manual of Classifications subject index headings and subheadings.

DISPLAY and PRINT Formats

Any combination of formats may be used to display or print answers. Multiple codes must be separated by spaces or commas, e.g., D L3 1-10 TI,AB or D L3 1-10 TI AB. The fields are displayed or printed in the order requested.

Hit-term highlighting is available in all fields except DRWN and ECL. Highlighting must be on when a SEARCH is performed to use the FHITSTR, HIT, HITRN, HITSTR, KWIC, and OCC formats.

| Format | Content | Examples |
|-----------------------|---|----------------|
| AB | Abstract | D 1-3 AB |
| AI (AP) (1) | Application Information | D 4 9 AI |
| AN (2) | Accession Number | D AN |
| ARTU | Art Unit | D L3 5-7 ARTU |
| CC (SX) | Classification Code and Section cross-reference (CAS data) | D L3 CC 1-5 |
| CLM | Patent Claim Text | D CLM L8 |
| CLM(n) (3) | Patent Claim Text for Claim n | D CLM(2) |
| CLMN | Number of Claims | D CLMN |
| CT (2) | Controlled Term (CAS data) | D 4 CT |
| CPC | Cooperative Patent Classification | D CPC |
| CPCI | CPC Initial Classification | D CPCI |
| CPCR | CPC Reclassification | D CPCR |
| DCD | Disclaimer Date | D L3 6,8 DCD |
| DETD | Detailed Description | D 1-4 DETD |
| DRWD | Drawing Description | D L9 DRWD 3-6 |
| DRWN | Number of Drawings | D DRWN |
| DT (TC) | Document Type | D DT 2,6-10 |
| ECL | Exemplary Claim Number | D 7 L3 ECL |
| ECLM (3) | Exemplary Claim Text | D 1-5, 10 ECLM |
| EXF (2) | Examiner's Field of Search | D 1,5,8 EXF |
| EXNAM | Examiner Name | D EXNAM 4-8,11 |
| FS (2) | File Segment | D FS |
| GOVI | Government Interest | D 3,5,7 GOVI |
| ICM (2) | IPC, Main | D 5-6 L1 ICM |
| ICS (2) | IPC, Secondary | D L4 1-6 ICS |
| IN (AU) | Inventor (includes INA) | D IN |
| INA (3) | Inventor Address | D L5 1-4 INA |
| INCLM (2) | Issue Main National Patent Classification Code | D 2,5 INCLM |
| INCLS (2) | Issue Secondary National Patent Classification Code | D L2 1-3 INCLS |
| IPC.F (3) | IPC, First Invention | D IPC.F |
| IPCI (2,5) | IPC, Initial Classification | D IPCI |
| IPCR (2) | IPC, Reclassification | D IPCR |
| IT | Index Term (CAS data) | D 1,5,10 IT |
| LA (3) | Language | D LA |
| LN.CNT | Line Count | D LN.CNT |
| LREP (AG) | Legal Representative | D 2 7 LREP |
| MFN | Microfilm Frame Number of document at the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office | D MFN |
| MRN | Microfilm Reel Number of document at the USPTO | D MRN |
| NCLM (2) | Current Main National Patent Classification Code | D 1-2 NCLM |
| NCLS (2) | Current Secondary National Patent Classification Code | D 1-5 NCLS |
| OS | Other Source Chemical Abstracts | DOS |
| PA (CS) | Patent Assignee (includes PAA and PAT) | D 1-3 PA |
| PAA (3) | Patent Assignee Address | D 4 9 PAA |
| PAO | Patent Assignee, Original | D PAO |
| PARN | Parent Case Data | D L3 5-7 PARN |
| PAT (3) | Patent Assignee Type | D L3 PAT 1-5 |
| PI (PN) (1) | Patent Information | D PI L8 |
| PNK | Patent Number/Kind Code | D PNK |
| PRAI (PRN) (1) | Priority Information | D PRAI |
| PTERM | Term of Patent | D 4 PTERM |

DISPLAY and PRINT Formats (cont'd)

| RAA | Possignment Agent | D RAA |
|----------------------|--|---------------------|
| | Reassignment Agent | |
| RAC | Reassignment Company | D RAC |
| RAD | Reassignment Date | D RAD |
| RAK | Reassignment Kind | D RAK |
| RAXD | Reassignment Execution Date | D RAXD |
| REN | Reference Non-Patent Information | D L3 6,8 REN |
| | | |
| REP (RPN) | Reference Patent Information | D 1-4 REP |
| RLI (RLN) (1) | Related Application Information | D L9 RLI 3-6 |
| RN (3) | CAS Registry Number (CAS data) | D RN 2,6-10 |
| RNK (6) | Relevance Rank in single file | D RNK |
| RNKŇ (6) | Relevance Rank in multifiles | D RNKM |
| ST | Supplementary Terms (CAS data) | D ST |
| SUMM | Summary of the Invention | D L5 1-4 SUMM |
| | | |
| TI (2) | Title | D 2,5 TI |
| USPA | Applicant Name (Corporate) | D USPA |
| | | |
| ABS | AB | D L3 1-5 ABS |
| ALL (1) | AN, TI, IN, USPA, PA, PI, AI, PTERM, DCD, RLI, PRAI, DT, FS, REP, | D 3 ALL |
| () | REN, EXNAM, LREP, CLMN, ECL, DRWN, AB, GOVI, PARN, SUMM, | - |
| | DRWD, DETD, CLM, INCL (INCLM, INCLS), NCL (NCLM, NCLS), CPC | |
| | | |
| | (CPCI, CPCR), IPC (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS, IPCI, IPC), EXF, ARTU, PPAK | |
| | (If PatentPak enabled) | |
| APPS (1) | AI, PRAI, RLI | D APPS |
| BIB (1) | AN, TI, IN, PA, USPA, PI, AI, PTERM, DCD, RLI, PRAI, DT, FS, EXNAM, | D BIB |
| | LREP, CLMN, ECL, DRWN, LN.CNT | |
| BPP(1) | AN, TI, IN, PA, USPA, PI, AI, PTERM, DCD, RLI, PRAI, DT, FS, EXNAM, | D BPP |
| BIT(I) | LREP, CLMN, ECL, DRWN, LN.CNT, PPAK (If PatentPak enabled) | DBH |
| | LREP, GLIVIN, EGL, DRIVIN, LIN. CINT, PPAK (IT PatentPak enabled) | |
| CAS | | |
| CAS | OS, CC, ST, IT | D CAS 3 L2 |
| CBIB | Compressed bibliographic information | D CBIB |
| CPC | CPCI, CPCR for the basic patent and patent family members | D CPC |
| CPC.TAB | CPC, CPC.KW, CPC.ACD, CPC.VER in tabular format | D CPC.TAB |
| CPC.UNIQ | Deduplicated list of CPC codes for the patent family | D CPC.UNIQ |
| DALL (1) | ALL, delimited for postprocessing | D 1-15 DALL |
| IABS | ABS, with a text label | D 1-4 IABS |
| | | |
| IALL (1) | ALL, indented with text labels | DIALL 2 |
| IBIB (1) | BIB, indented with text labels | D IBIB 4-10 |
| IBPP (1) | BPP, indented with text labels | D IBPP |
| IC (2) | International Patent Classifications (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS) | D 1-4 L2 IPC |
| IMÀX (1) | MAX, indented with text labels | D IMAX 1 |
| INCL (2) | Issue National Patent Classification Code (INCLM, INCLS) | D 1,5 L4 INCL |
| IND | INCL (INCLM, INCLS), NCL (NCLM, NCLS), CPC (CPCI, CPCR), IPC | D L2 IND 1-4 |
| | (IDC)/ED ICM ICS IDCI IDC) EVE ADTU CS CC ST IT | |
| | (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS, IPCI, IPC), EXF, ARTU, OS, CC, ST, IT | |
| IPC (2,5) | International Patent Classifications (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS, IPCI, IPCR) | D 1-4 L2 IPC |
| IPC.TAB (2,5) | IPC in Tabular Format | D IPC.TAB |
| IPC.UNIQ | Unique IPC codes for a basic and equivalents | D IPC.UNIQ |
| IRAI (PA.HIST) | RAI, indented with text labels | D IRAI 1, D PA.HIST |
| ISPP | SPP, indented with text labels | DISPP |
| ISTD (1) | STD, indented with text labels | D ISTD 1,5 |
| | | |
| MAX (1) | AN, TI, IN, USPA, PA, PI, AI, PTERM, DCD, RLI, PRAI, DT, FS, REP, | D MAX L1 1 |
| | REN, EXNAM, LREP, CLMN, ECL, DRWN, AB, GOVI, PARN, SUMM, | |
| | DRWD, DETD, CLM, INCL (INCLM, INCLS), NCL (NCLM, NCLS), CPC | |
| | (CPCI, CPCR), IPC (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS, IPCI, IPCR), EXF, ARTU, OS, | |
| | CC, ST, IT | |
| NCL (2) | Current National Patent Classification Code (NCLM, NCLS) | D 6,12 L1 NCL |
| | | |
| PATS (1) | PI, REP, RLI | D PATS 1-3 |
| RAI (LSUS) | RAD, RAXD, RAUP, RAK, PAO, RAC, RAC.CNY, RAA, MRN, MFN | D RAI, D LSUS |
| SBIB (1) | AN, TI, IN, USPA, PA, PI, AI, RLI, PRAI, DT, FS, LN.CNT | D SBIB |
| SCAN (2,4) | AN, TI, NCL (NCLM, NCLS), CPC (CPCI, CPCR), IPC (IPC.VER, ICM, | D SCAN |
| | ICS, IPCI, IPCR) (random answer display, no answer) | |
| | | |

DISPLAY and PRINT Formats (cont'd)

| Format | Content | Examples |
|---|---|---|
| SPP(1) | AN, TI, IN, USPA, PA, PI, AI, RLI, PRAI, DT, FS, LN.CNT, INCL (INCLM, INCLS), NCL (NCLM, NCLS), CPC (CPCI, CPCR), IPC (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS, IPCI, IPCR), EXF, PPAK (If PatentPak enabled) | D SPP |
| STD (1) | AN, TI, IN, USPA, PA, PI, AI, RLI, PRAI, DT, FS, LN.CNT, INCL (INCLM, INCLS), NCL (NCLM, NCLS), CPC (CPCI, CPCR), IPC (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS, IPCI, IPCR), EXF (STD is the default) | D STD 1, 8 |
| TRIAL (FREE) (2) | AN, TI, INCL (INCLM, INCLS), NCL (NCLM, NCLS), CPC (CPCI, CPCR), IPC (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS, IPCI, IPCR) | D TRIAL |
| FP (1) | Front page format for: PI, TI, IN, USPA, PA, PTERM, DCD, AI, RLI, PRAI, IPC (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS, IPCI, IPCR), INCL (INCLM, INCLS), NCL (NCLM, NCLS), CPC (CPCI, CPCR), EXF, REP, REN, ARTU, EXNAM, LREP, CLMN, DRWN, AB | D FP |
| FPALL (1) | Front page format for: PI, TI, IN, USPA, PA, PTERM, DCD, AI, RLI, PRAI, IPC (IPC.VER, ICM, ICS, IPCI, IPCR), INCL (INCLM, INCLS), NCL (NCLM, NCLS), CPC (CPCI, CPCR), REP, REN, EXF, ARTU, EXNAM, LREP, CLMN, DRWN, AB, PARN, SUMM, DRWD, DETD, CLM | D FPALL L10 1 |
| FPBIB (1) | Front page format for: PI, TI, IN, USPA, PA, PTERM, DCD, AI, RLI, PRAI, REP, REN, EXNAM, LREP, CLMN, DRWN | D 1-10 FPBIB |
| CPC.HIT (HITCPC) FHITSTR | HIT display of CPC code searched First hit CAS Registry Number, its text modification, its CA index name, and its structure diagram | D CPC.HIT or D HITCPC D CBIB FHITSTR |
| HIT HITIPC (IPC.HIT) HITPPAK HITRN HITSTR | Fields containing hit terms Hit IPC Hit PatentPak entry (based on chemical name or RN search) Hit CAS Registry Number and its text modification Hit CAS Registry Number, its text modification, its CA index name, and its structure diagram | D HIT D HITIPC or D IPC.HIT D STD IT HITPPAK D HITRN D HITSTR |
| KWIC OCC (2) | Up to 20 words before and after hit terms (KeyWord-In-Context) Number of occurrences of hit terms and fields in which they occur | D KWIC D OCC |

(1) By default, patent numbers, application and priority numbers are displayed in STN format. To display them in Derwent format, enter SET PATENT DERWENT at an arrow prompt. To reset display to STN format, enter SET PATENT STN.

(2) No online display fee for the format.

(3) Custom display only.

(4) SCAN must be specified on the command line, i.e., D SCAN or DISPLAY SCAN.

(5) IPCI-2 is a display label relating to the most recent publication of the patent document. It is part of the IPCI display field.

(6) The RNK and RNKM formats display only the hit term occurrence ranking for the record, with the following line: RELEVANCE SCORE ##. RNK is for the single file environment, while RNKM is for the multifile environment.

Extended DISPLAY and PRINT formats

Use the extended display formats to display not only the publication from the USPATFULL file, i.e., the original publication, but also the latest publication for the invention, if available, from the USPAT2 file.

| Format | Content | Examples |
|---------|--|------------------|
| BIB.EX | BIB for the original plus BIB for the latest publication | D 1-5 BIB.EX |
| CLM.EX | CLM for the original plus CLM for the latest publication | DIS L2 CLM.EX |
| FP.EX | FP for the original plus FP for the latest publication | D FP.EX 1- |
| IBIB.EX | IBIB for the original plus BIB for the latest publication | D IBIB.EX 1-3 L5 |
| IMAX.EX | IMAX for the original plus | D IMAX.EX 1 |

| MAX.EX | IMAX for the latest publication MAX for the original plus MAX for the latest publication | DISPLAY L1 1 MAX.EX |
|--------|--|---------------------|
| STD.EX | STD for the original plus STD for the latest publication | D STD.EX L5 3, 6 |

Full-Text Browsing

| User Request | Example | System Response |
|--|---|--|
| DISPLAY BROWSE | => DISPLAY BROWSE ENTER (L1) OR L#:. ENTER (DIS), ANSWER NUMBERS, OR END: | NOVICE version |
| D BRO | => D BRO L1 | EXPERT version |
| Answer number(s) | :1-3 | display answers 1, 2, and 3 in default format display next answer in default format |
| Answer number(s) and format | :4 HIT | display answer 4 in HIT format |
| Format only | :TI TX | display title and text of last answer displayed |
| *Format | :*KWIC | change default to KWIC; no answer displayed |
| Forward n fields | :F3 | move forward 3 fields |
| Backward n fields | :B1 | move backward 1 field |
| Search forward for a character string | :S GROWTH REGUL :S | search forward within record for 'growth regul' repeat search forward for the current string |
| Search backward for a character string | :S- ALKANOIC ACID :S- | search backward within record for 'alkanoic acid.' repeat search backward for the current string |
| End DISPLAY BROWSE | :END => | exit DISPLAY BROWSE and return to => prompt |

SELECT, ANALYZE, and SORT Fields

The SELECT command is used to create E-numbers containing terms taken from the specified field in an answer set.

The ANALYZE command is used to create an L-number containing terms taken from the specified field in an answer set.

The SORT command is used to rearrange the search results in either alphabetic or numeric order of the specified field(s).

| Field Name | Field Code | ANALYZE/ SELECT (1) | SORT |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------------------|------|
| Abstract | AB | Y | Ν |
| Accession Number | AN | Y | Ν |
| Applicant City (Corporate) | USPA.CTY | Y | Y |
| Applicant Country (Corporate) | USPA.CNY | Y | Y |
| Applicant Name (Corporate) | USPA | Y | Y |
| Applicant State (Corporate) | USPA.ST | Y | Y |
| Application Country | AC | Y (2) | Y |
| Application Date | AD | Y (2) | Y |
| Application Information | AI | Y (2,3,4) | Y |
| Application Number | AP | Y (2,3) | Y |
| Application Number Group | APPS | Y (2,3,5) | Ν |
| Application Year | AY | Y (2) | Y |
| Art Unit | ARTU | Y | Y |
| Author (Inventor) | AU | Y (6) | Y |
| CAS Registry Number (CAS data) | RN | Y (2) | Ν |
| Citation | CIT | Y (2,7) | Ν |
| Classification Code (CAS data) | CC | Y | Y |
| Controlled Term | СТ | Y (2) | Ν |
| CPC Classification | CPC | Y (20) | Ν |
| CPC, Initial | CPCI | Y (21) | Ν |
| CPC, Reclassified | CPCR | Y (21) | Ν |

SELECT, ANALYZE, and SORT Fields (cont'd)

| | • | | |
|---|------------------|------------------------|--------|
| Field Name | Field Code | ANALYZE/ SELECT (1) | SORT |
| CPC Hit Display | CPC.HIT (HITCPC) | Y | Y |
| CPC Codes Deduplicated for patent family | CPC.UNIQ | Y | Y |
| Corporate Source (Patent Assignee) | CS | Y (8) | Y |
| Current Main National Patent Classification Code | NCLM | Y | Y |
| Current National Patent Classification Code, Main and Secondary | NCL | Y | Y |
| Current Secondary National Patent Classification Code | NCLS | Y | N |
| Detailed Description | DETD | Y (9) | N |
| Disclaimer Date | DCD | Y | Y |
| Document Type | DT | Y | Y |
| Drawing Description | DRWD | Y (9)) | Ν |
| Examiner Name | EXNAM | Y | Y |
| Examiner's Field of Search | EXF | Y | Y |
| Exemplary Claim Text | ECLM | Y | N |
| Government Interest | GOVI | Y | N |
| Index Term (CAS data) | IT | Y (2) | N |
| International Patent Classifications, All codes | IPC | Y (10) | N |
| International Patent Classifications, Main and Secondary | IC | Y | Y |
| Inventor | IN | Y | Y |
| Inventor Address | INA | N | Y |
| Inventor Address, City | IN.CTY | Y | Y |
| Inventor Address, Country | IN.CNY | Y | Y |
| Inventor Address, State | IN.ST | Y | Y Y |
| Inventor Address, ZIP Code IPC First Invention | IN.ZIP IPC.F | Y V (10) | r N |
| IPC, Main | ICM | Y (10) Y | N Y |
| IPC, Secondary | ICS | Y | Y |
| IPC Initial Classification | IPCI | , Y (10) | Ň |
| IPC Reclassification | IPCR | Y (10) | N |
| Issue Main National Patent Classification Code | INCLM | Y | Ŷ |
| Issue National Patent Classification Code, Main and Secondary | INCL | Ý | Ý |
| Issue Secondary National Patent Classification | INCLS | Ý | Ň |
| Language | LA | Y | Y |
| Legal Representative | LREP | Y | Ν |
| | AG | Y (11) | N |
| Line Count | LN.CNT | N | Y |
| Number of Claims | CLMN | N | Y |
| Occurrence Count of Hit Terms | 000 | N | Y |
| Other Source Chemical Abstracts | OS | Y (2) | N |
| Other Source Patent Number | OSPN | Y (2,12) | N |
| Parent Case Data | PARN | Y (9) | N |
| Patent Assignee | PA | Y | Y |
| Patent Assignee Address | PAA | N | Y |
| Patent Assignee Address, City | PA.CTY | Y | Y |
| Patent Assignee Address, Country | PA.CNY | Y | Y |
| Patent Assignee Address, State | PA.ST | Y | Y |
| Patent Assignee Address, ZIP Code | PA.ZIP | Y | Y |
| Patent Assignee Type Patent Assignee, Original | PAT PAO | Y Y | Y N |
| Patent Assignee, Original Patent Claim Text | CLM | Ý | N |
| Patent Country | PC | т Ү (2) | Y |
| Patent Country Group | PCS | Y (2,13) | Ý |
| Patent Date | PD | Y (2) | Ý |
| Patent Information | PI | Y (2,3,14) | Ý |
| Patent Kind | PK | Y | Ý |
| Patent Number | PN | Ý (2,3) | Ý |
| Patent Number Group | PATS | Y (2,3,15) | Y |
| Patent Number/Kind Code | PNK | Y | Y |
| | 1.111 | | |

SELECT, ANALYZE, and SORT Fields (cont'd)

| Field Name | Field Code | ANALYZE/ SELECT (1) | SORT |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------------------|------|
| Patent Year | PY | Y (2) | Y |
| Priority Country | PRC | Y (2) | Y |
| Priority Date | PRD | Y (2) | Y |
| Priority Information | PRAI | Y (2,3,16) | Y |
| Priority Number | PRN | Y (2,3) | Y |
| Priority Year | PRY | Y (2) | Y |
| Reassignment Agent | RAA | Y | Ν |
| Reassignment Company | RAC | Y | Ν |
| Reassignment Country | RAC.CNY | Y | Y |
| Reassignment Date | RAD | Y | Ν |
| Reassignment Execution Date | RAXD | Y | Ν |
| Reassignment Kind | RAK | Y | Ν |
| Reassignment Update Date | RAUP | Y | N |
| Reference Patent Classification | RPCL | Y (2) | Ν |
| Reference Patent Country | RPC | Y (2) | N |
| Reference Patent Information | REP | Y (2,3,17) | N |
| Reference Patent Inventor | RPIN | Y (2) | N |
| Reference Patent IPC | RPIC | Y (2,3) | N |
| Reference Patent Number | RPN | Y (2,3) | N |
| Reference Patent Publication Date | RPD | Y (2) | N |
| Reference Patent Publication Year | RPY | Y (2) | N |
| Related Application Country | RLC | Y (2) | N |
| Related Application Date | RLD | Y | N |
| Related Application Information | RLI | Y (3,18) | N |
| Related Application Number | RLN | Y (3) | N |
| Related Application Type | RLT | Y | Y |
| Related Application Year | RLY | Y | N |
| Related Patent Number | RLPN | Y (3) | Y |
| Related Patent Publication Year | RLPY | Y | N |
| Section Cross-reference (CAS data) | SX | Y | Y |
| Summary of the Invention | SUMM | Y (9) | N |
| Supplementary Term (CAS data) | ST | Y | N |
| Term of Patent | PTERM | N | Y |
| Title | TI | Y (default) | Y |
| Treatment Code | TC | Y (19) | Y |

(1) HIT may be used to restrict terms extracted to terms that match the search expression used to create the answer set, e.g., SEL HIT TI.

(2) SELECT HIT and ANALYZE HIT are not valid with this field.

(3) Enter SET PATENT DERWENT at an arrow prompt (=>) to SELECT or ANALYZE patent and application numbers in Derwent format.

(4) Selects or analyzes the application number with /AP appended to the terms created by SELECT.

- (5) Selects or analyzes AP, PRN, and RLN and appends /APPS to the terms created by SELECT.
- (6) Appends /IN to the terms created by SELECT.
- (7) Extracts patent number, publication year with a truncation symbol appended and with /RE appended to the terms created by SELECT.
- (8) Appends /PA to the terms created by SELECT.
- (9) Appends /BI to the terms created by SELECT.
- (10) Selects or analyzes all codes and appends /IPC to the terms created by SELECT.
- (11) Appends /LREP to the term created by SELECT.
- (12) Appends /PN to the terms created by SELECT.
- (13) Selects or analyzes the PC and RPC and appends /PCS to the] terms created by SELECT.
- (14) Selects or analyzes the PN and appends /PN to the terms created by SELECT.
- (15) Selects or analyzes PN, RPN, RLPN and appends /PATS to the terms created by SELECT.
- (16) Selects or analyzes the PRN and appends /PRN to the terms created by SELECT.
- (17) Selects or analyzes the RPN and appends /RPN to the terms created by SELECT.
- (18) Selects or analyzes the RLN and appends /RLN to the terms created by SELECT.
- (19) Appends /DT to the terms created by SELECT.
- (20) Select CPC selects all CPCI and CPCR classifications and appends /CPC as a field code.
- (21) SELECT appends /CPC.

Sample Records

DISPLAY IMAX

| ANSWER 1 OF 1 USPATFULL on STN | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:44303 USPATFULL Full-text | | | | |
| TITLE: | Treatment of bipolar disorders and associated symptoms | | | |
| INVENTOR(S): Romano, Steven Joseph, New York, NY, UNITED STA | | | | |
| | Giller, Earl L., Madison, CT, UNITED STATES | | | |
| | Harrigan, Edmund P., Old Lyme, CT, UNITED STATES | | | |
| | Seeger, Thomas F., Mystic, CT, UNITED STATES | | | |
| PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): | Pfizer Inc (U.S. corporation) | | | |
| | | | | |
| | NUMBER KIND DATE | | | |
| | | | | |
| | US 20050038036 A1 20050217 | | | |
| APPLICATION INFO.: | US 2004-843915 A1 20040512 (10) | | | |
| | | | | |
| | NUMBER DATE | | | |
| DRIORITY INFORMATION: | US 2003-471450P 20030516 (60) | | | |
| DOCUMENT TYPE: | | | | |
| FILE SEGMENT: | * | | | |
| | PFIZER INC, 150 EAST 42ND STREET, 5TH FLOOR - STOP 49, | | | |
| | NEW YORK, NY, 10017-5612 | | | |
| | | | | |
| ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR | US 20050038036 | | | |
| <no availabl<="" data="" td=""><td>.e></td></no> | .e> | | | |
| | | | | |
| NUMBER OF CLAIMS: | 13 | | | |
| EXEMPLARY CLAIM: | 1 | | | |
| ABSTRACT: | | | | |

The present invention relates to a method for treatments relating to bipolar disorder in a mammal, including a human, the treatments including treatment of rapid-cycling bipolar disorder, treatment of symptoms of bipolar disorder selected from the group consisting of acute mania and depression, treatment for effecting mood stabilization; treatment for preventing relapse into bipolar episodes, and for the treatment of suicidal thoughts and tendencies associated with bipolar disorder, comprising administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of the formula I: ##STR1## or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof, wherein Ar, n, X, and Y are as defined.

[0001] This application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. 119 of U.S. Provisional 60/471,450, filed May 16, 2003. The entire contents of the prior application are incorporated herein by reference.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention relates to the treatment of bipolar disorder in a mammal, including a human. More specifically, the present invention is directed to the treatment in a mammal, including a human, of rapid-cycling bipolar disorder, and for the treatment of symptoms of bipolar disorder, such symptoms selected from the group consisting of acute mania and depression. The present invention is also directed to a treatment method for effecting mood stabilization in a person afflicted with bipolar disorder. The present invention further relates to a method of preventing relapse into bipolar episodes in a person afflicted with bipolar disorder. The present invention is further directed to the treating suicidal thoughts and tendencies in a person afflicted with bipolar disor relates to new therapeutic uses for piperazinyl-heterocyclic compounds of the formula I, as defined below, for example ziprasidone.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] The piperazinyl-heterocyclic compounds of formula I of this invention are disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,831,031 and 4,883,795, both of which are assigned in common with the present application. Certain treatments for such compounds are disclosed in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,127,373, 6,245,766, and 6,387,904, all of which are also assigned in common with the present application. The patents listed in this paragraph are incorporated by reference in their entireties into the present disclosure.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0004] The present invention relates to the use of piperazinyl-heterocyclic compounds of the formula I, as defined below, in methods for the treatment of bipolar disorder in a mammal, including a human. Specifically, the present invention is directed to a method for the treatment in a mammal, including a human, of rapid-cycling bipolar disorder, a method for the treatment of symptoms of bipolar disorder, such symptoms selected from the group consisting of acute mania and depression; a method for a treatment that effects mood stabilization in a person afflicted with bipolar disorder; a method for a treatment that prevents relapse into bipolar episodes in a person afflicted with bipolar disorder; a method for the treatment of suicidal thoughts and tendencies in a person afflicted with bipolar disorder; such treatments comprising administering a pharmaceutically effective amount of a compound of the formula I: ##STR2##

[0005] or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof, wherein Ar is benzoisothiazolyl or an oxide or dioxide thereof each optionally substituted by one fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano, nitro or naphthyl optionally substituted by fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano or nitro; quinolyl; 6-hydroxy-8-quinolyl; isoquinolyl; quinazolyl; benzothiazolyl; benzothiadiazolyl; benzotriazolyl; benzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; indolyl; indanyl optionally substituted by one or two fluoro, 3-indazolyl optionally substituted by 1-trifluoromethylphenyl; or phthalazinyl; n is 1 or 2; and X and Y together with the phenyl to which they are attached form quinolyl; 2-hydroxyquinolyl; benzothiazolyl; indolyl; spiro; oxindolyl optionally substituted by one to three of (C.sub.1-C.sub.3) alkyl, or one of chloro, fluoro or phenyl, said phenyl optionally substituted by one chloro or fluoro; benzoxazolyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolinyl; benzothiazolyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolinyl; benzothiazolyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolinyl; benzothiazolyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolinyl; benzothiazolonyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolinyl; benzothiazolyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; or benzotriazolyl.

• • •

[0021] The psychiatric disorders and conditions referred to herein are known to those of skill in the art and are defined in art-recognized medical texts such as the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fourth Edition, American Psychiatric Association, 1994 (DSM-IV), which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0022] The piperazinyl-heterocyclic compounds of formula I can be prepared by one or more of the synthetic methods described and referred to in U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,831,031 and 4,883,795. U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,831,031 and 4,883,795 are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

• • •

[0032] When an active compound of this invention is to be used in a human subject to treat psychiatric conditions whose manisfestations include psychiatric symptoms or behavioral disturbance, the prescribing physician will normally determine the daily dosage. Moreover, the dosage will vary according to the age, weight and response of the individual patient as well as the severity of the patient's symptoms. However, in most instances, an effective amount for treating the psychiatric conditions described herein, will be a daily dosage in the range from about 0.5 to about 500 mg, more specifically

about 10 mg a day to about 200 mg a day, relatively more specifically about 20 mg a day to about 180 mg a day, relatively still more specifically about 30 mg a day to about 170 mg a day, and relatively even more specifically from about 40 to about 160 mg a day, in single or divided doses, orally or parenterally. In some instances it may be necessary to use dosages outside these limits. The receptor binding and neurotransmitter uptake inhibition profile for Ziprasidone, 5-(2-(4-(1,2-benzisothiazol-3-yl)piperazinyl)ethyl)chlorooxindole, was described in The Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics, 275, 101-113 (1995), which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. A summary of its affinity for various receptors in the central nervous system tissue is presented in Table 1.

Ziprasidone

| laone | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|
| Receptor (Ligand) | |
| DA D1([.sup.3H]SCH23390) | 6.28 + 0.17 (3) |
| DA D2([.sup.3H]spiperone) | 8.32 + 0.04 (6) |
| DA D3([.sup.3H]raclopride) | 8.14 + 0.03 (3) |
| DA D4[.sup.3 H]spiperone) | 7.49 + 0.11 (3) |
| 5-HT2A([.sup.3H]ketanserin) | 9.38 + 0.03 (5) |
| 5-HT1A([.sup.3H]-80H-DPAT) | 8.47 + 0.05 (4) |
| 5-HT-2C- ([.sup.3H]mesulerg: | ine) 8.88 + 0.05 (6) |
| 5-HT1D- ([.sup.3H]-5-HT) | 8.69 + 0.04 (6) |
| Alpha-1 ([.sup.3H]prazosin) | 7.98 + 0.03 (3) |
| Histamine Hl | 7.33 + 0.07 (3) |
| ([.sup.3H]mepyramine) | |
| Neurotransmitter Reuptake | |
| Blockade: | |
| Norpinephrine | 7.30 + 0.01 (4) |
| 5-HT | 7.29 + 0.06 (3) |
| DA | 6.58 + 0.02 (3) |
| | |

[0033] The following examples illustrate methods of preparing various compounds of formula I.

EXAMPLE 1

[0034] 6-(2-(4-(1-Naphthyl)piperazinyl)ethyl)-benzoxazolone

[0035] A. To a 500 ml three-necked round-bottomed flask equipped with mechanical stirrer and nitrogen inlet were added 200 grams of polyphosphoric acid, 13.51 grams (0.1 mole) of benzoxazolone, and 13.89 g (0.1 mole) of bromoacetic acid. The reaction was heated with stirring at 115° C. for 2.5 hours and poured into 1 kg ice. The mixture was stirred mechanically for 1 hour to form a purple solid, which was then filtered off and washed with water. The solid was slurried with acetone for 30 minutes, a small amount of purple solid filtered off, and the brown filtrate evaporated. The resulting dark brown gum was slurried with 150 ml ethanol for 30 minutes, and the brown solid filtered off and washed with ethanol. This solid has a m.p. of 192°-194° C.

[0036] The solid (6.6 grams, 0.0257 mole) was placed in a 100 ml three-necked round-bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirrer, dropping funnel, thermometer, and nitrogen inlet and 19.15 ml (0.257 mole) of trifluoroacetic acid added. Triethylsilane (9.44 ml, 0.0591 mole) was added dropwise to the stirring slurry over 30 minutes. The reaction was stirred overnight at room temperature, then poured into 150 grams ice. The mixture was stirred for 15 minutes, and the brown gum filtered off. The gum was dissolved in 100 ml ethyl acetate, and 125 ml cyclohexane added, giving a brown precipitate, which was filtered and washed with cyclohexane. The filtrate was evaporated and the resulting yellow solid slurried with 50 ml isopropyl ether the pale yellow solid was filtered off and dried to give 2.7 g 6-(2-bromoethyl)-benzoxazolone (11% yield for two steps), m.p. 148'-151° C.

[0037] B. To a 100 ml round-bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirrer, condenser, and nitrogen inlet were added 0.618 g (2.10 mmol) of N-(1-naphthyl)piperazine 0.472 g (1.95 mmol) of 6-(2-bromoethyl)-benzoxazolone,

0.411 ml (2.92 mmol) of triethylamine, 50 ml ethanol, and a catalytic amount of sodium iodide. The reaction was refluxed for 3 days, cooled, and evaporated to a brown gum. The gum was partitioned between 50 ml water and 75 ml methylene chloride, the pH adjusted with aqueous 1 N sodium hydroxide solution, and a little methanol added to facilitate phase separation. The methylene chloride layer was dried over sodium sulfate and evaporated, then chromatographed on silica gel. Fractions containing the product were combined and evaporated, the residue taken up in ethyl acetate, treated with hydrochloride gas, and the resulting hydrochloride salt of the product filtered off to give the while

EXAMPLE 2

[0038] 6-(2-(4-(1-Naphthyl)piperazinyl)ethyl)-benzimidazolone • • • EXAMPLE 17

solid title compound, m.p. 282°-285° C., 213 mg (23% yield).

[0100] 6-(4-(2-(3-Benzisothiazolyl)piperazinyl)ethyl)phenyl)benzothiazolone

[0101] To a 100 ml round-bottomed flask equipped with condenser and nitrogen in let were added 1.03 grams (4 mmol) 6-(2-bromoethyl)-benzothiazolone, 0.88 grams (4 mmol) N-benzisothiazolylpiperazine, 0.84 grams (8 mmol) sodium carbonate, 2 mg sodium iodide, and 40 ml methylisobutyl ketone. The reaction was refluxed 36 hours, cooled, filtered, and the filtrate evaporated. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel using ethyl acetate as eluent to afford an oil, which was taken up in methylene chloride and precipitated by addition of ether saturated with HCl. The solid was filtered, washed with ether, dried briefly, washed with a minimal amount of acetone and dried to afford a white solid, m.p. 288°-290° C., 1.44 grams (76.7%).

EXAMPLE A

[0102] A. Following the general procedure for the preparation of 5-(chloroacetyl)oxindole in Example 12A, the following intermediates were prepared from the appropriate oxindoles:

[0103] 5-(chloroacetyl)-1-ethyl-oxindole (81%, m.p. 1570-1590 C., NMR(CDCl.sub.3); 1.30(t,3H), 3.60(s,2H), 3.85(q,2H), 4.70(s,2H), 6.85-8.15(m,2H);

[0104] 5-(chloroacetyl)-1-methyloxindole(C.sub.1, H.sub.10ClNO.sub.2, 92%, m.p. 2010-2020 C.;

[0105] 1(3-chlorophenyl)-5(chloroacetyl)oxindole, 98% m.p. 143°-145° C., NMR(DMSO-d.sub.6): 3.85(br s,2H), 5.10(s,2H), 6.8(d,1H), 7.4-7.6(m,4H), 7.9 (s+d,2H); MS(%): 319(17, 270(100), 179(46), 178(38);

[0106] 1,3-dimethyl-5-(chloroacetyl)oxindole, 97% m.p. 206°-207°

[0107] 5-(chloroacetyl)-spirocyclopentane[1,3']-indolone, 99%, m.p. 203°-204° C.(dec).; NMR(DMSO-d.sub.6): 2.0(brs,8H), 4.95(s,2H), 6.9(d,1H), 7.8(d+s,2H), 10.6(brs, 1H);

[0108] 5-(chloroacetyl)-1,3,3-trimethyloxindole, 82%, m.p. 1820-185° C., NMR(CDCl.sub.3): 1.45(s,6H), 3.25(s,3H), 4.65(s,2H), 6.9(d, 1H), 7.9(s,1H), 8.0(d,1H);

[0109] 6-fluoro-5-(chloroacetyl)oxindole, 96%, m.p. 1780-1800 C.; NMR(DMSO-d.sub.6): 3.5(s,2H), 4.8(d,2H), 6.7-7.2(m,2H), 7.8(d,1H);

[0110] 7-fluoro5-(chloroacetyl)oxindole, 91%, m.p. 1940-1960 C., NMR(DMSO-d.sub.6): 3.68(s,2H), 5.13(s,2H) 7.65-7.9(dd,2H);

[0111] 6-chloro-5-(chloroacetyl)oxindole, 99%, m.p. 206°-207° C.;

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[0112] 5-(chloroacetyl)-3,3-dimethyl-6-fluorooxindole, 89%, m.p.
185°-1880 C.;
[0113] 5-(y-chlorobutyryl)oxindole, 84%, oil, MS(%): 239, 237(55);
[0114] 1-ethyl-5-(y-chlorobutyryl)oxindole, 99%, oil, NMR(CDCl.sub.3):
1.2(t,3H), 1.5-2.7(m,5H), 3.0-3.2(m,2H), 3.5-4.0(m,3H), 6.8-7.0(d,1H),
7.9(s, 1H), 7.95(d, 1H), and
[0115] 5-(y-chlorobutyryl)-7-fluorooxindole, 53%, m.p. 156°-160°
С.
EXAMPLE B
[0116] By the same procedure as that used to prepare 5-(2-chlorethyl)oxindole
in Example 12B, the following were prepared:
[0117] 5-(2-chloroethyl)-1-ethyloxindole, 93%, m.p. 120°-122° C.;
NMR (CDCl.sub.3): 1.30(t,2H), 3.55(s,2H), 3.65-4.0(m,4H), 6.8-7.3(m,3H);
[0118] 5-(2-chloroethyl)-1-methyloxindole, 99%, m.p. 127°-130°
C.; NMR (CDCl.sub.3): 3.1(t,2H), 3.2(s,2H), 3.5(s,2H), 3.75(t,2H), 6.8(d,1H),
7.15(s,1H), 7.3(d,1H);
[0119] 5-(2-chloroethyl)-1-(3-chlorophenyl)oxindole, 83%, m.p.
75°-76° C.;
[0120] 5-(2-chloroethyl)-1,3-dimethyloxindole, 58%, m.p. 73°-750 C., NMR
CDCl.sub.3): 1.45-1.55(d,3H), 3.03-3.2(t,2H), 3.25(s,3H), 3.30-3.60(q,1H),
3.65-3.90(t,2H), 6.85-6.90(d,1H), 7.15(s,1H), 7.15-7.30(d,1H);
[0121] 5'-(2-chloroethyl)-spiro[cyclopentane-1,3'-indoline]-2'-one, 92%, m.p.
140°-142° C.; NMR(DMSO-d.sub.6): 2.8(brs,8H), 2.90(t,2H),
3.7(t,2H), 6.6-7.1(m,3H), 10.2(brs,1H);
[0122] 5-(2-chloroethyl)-,3,3-trimethyloxindole, 83%, oil;
[0123] 5-(2-chloroethyl)-6-fluorooxindole 62%, m.p. 1880-190° C.;
NMR(DMSO-ds) 3.05(t,2H), 3.5(2,2H), 3.85(t,2H), 6.6-7.3(m,2H);
[0124] 5-(2-chloroethyl)-7-fluorooxindole, 79%, m.p. 176°-1790 C.;
MS(%); 213(50), 180(20), 164(100), 136(76);
[0125] 5-(2-chloroethyl)-6-chlorooxindole, 94%, m.p. 210°-211°
C.;
[0126] 5-(2-chloroethyl)-3,3-dimethyl-6-fluorooxindole (C.sub.12H.sub.13ClFNO,
84%, m.p. 195°-1960 C., NMR(DMSO-d.sub.6): 1.3(s,6H), 3.05(t,2H),
3.7(t,2H), 6.65(d,1H), 7.1(d,1H), 10.1(br s,1H);
[0127] 5-(4-chlorobutyl)oxindole, 40%, oil, NMR(CDCl.sub.3): 1.6-2.0(m,4H),
2.6(m,2H), 3.6(m,4H), 6.8-7.15(m,3H), 9.05(br s, 1H);
[0128] 5-(4-chlorobutyl)-ethyloxindole, 48%, oil, NMR(CDCl.sub.3): 1.25(t,3H),
1.5-1.95(m,4H), 2.6(m,2H), 3.5(s,2H), 3.55(t,2H), 3.75(q,2H), 6.7-7.2(m,3H);
and
[0129] 5-(4-chlorobutyl)-7-fluorooxindole, 71%, m.p. 1680-173° C.
What is claimed is:
1. A method for treating rapid-cycling bipolar disorder in a mammal in need
thereof comprising administering to said mammal a pharmaceutically effective
amount of a compound of formula
                                 ##STR5## or a pharmaceutically acceptable
```

acid addition salt thereof, wherein Ar is benzoisothiazolyl or an oxide or dioxide thereof each optionally substituted by one fluoro, chloro,

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trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano, nitro or naphthyl optionally substituted by fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano or nitro; quinolyl; 6-hydroxy-8-quinolyl; isoquinolyl; quinazolyl; benzothiazolyl; benzothiadiazolyl; benzotriazolyl; benzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; indolyl; indanyl optionally substituted by one or two fluoro, 3-indazolyl optionally substituted by 1-trifluoromethylphenyl; or phthalazinyl; n is 1 or 2; and X and Y together with the phenyl to which they are attached form quinolyl; 2-hydroxyquinolyl; benzothiazolyl; 2-aminobenzothiazolyl; benzoisothiazolyl; indazolyl; 2-hydroxyindazolyl; indolyl; spiro; oxindolyl optionally substituted by one to three of (C.sub.1-C.sub.3) alkyl, or one of chloro, fluoro or phenyl, said phenyl optionally substituted by one chloro or fluoro; benzoxazolyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolinyl; benzothiazolyl; bezoimidazolonyl; or benzotriazolyl.

2. A method of treating in a mammal in need thereof a symptom of bipolar disorder selected from the group consisting of acute mania, depression, and suicidal thoughts or suicidal tendencies, which method comprises administering to said mammal a pharmaceutically effective amount of a compound of formula ##STR6## or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof, wherein Ar is benzoisothiazolyl or an oxide or dioxide thereof each optionally substituted by one fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano, nitro or naphthyl optionally substituted by fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano or nitro; quinolyl; 6-hydroxy-8-quinolyl; isoquinolyl; quinazolyl; benzothiazolyl; benzothiadiazolyl; benzotriazolyl; benzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; indolyl; indanyl optionally substituted by one or two fluoro, 3-indazolyl optionally substituted by 1-trifluoromethylphenyl; or phthalazinyl; n is 1 or 2; and X and Y together with the phenyl to which they are attached form quinolyl; 2-hydroxyquinolyl; benzothiazolyl; 2-aminobenzothiazolyl; benzoisothiazolyl; indazolyl; 2-hydroxyindazolyl; indolyl; spiro; oxindolyl optionally substituted by one to three of (C.sub.1-C.sub.3) alkyl, or one of chloro, fluoro or phenyl, said phenyl optionally substituted by one chloro or fluoro; benzoxazolyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolinyl; benzothiazolonyl; bezoimidazolonyl; or benzotriazolyl.

3. The method of claim 2 wherein the symptom is selected from the group consisting of acute mania and depression.

4. The method of claim 2 wherein the symptom is suicidal thoughts or tendencies.

5. A method of stabilizing mood or of preventing relapse into a bipolar episode in a mammal afflicted with bipolar disorder, which method comprises administering to said mammal a pharmaceutically effective amount of a compound of formula ##STR7## or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof, wherein Ar is benzoisothiazolyl or an oxide or dioxide thereof each optionally substituted by one fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano, nitro or naphthyl optionally substituted by fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano or nitro; quinolyl; 6-hydroxy-8-quinolyl; isoquinolyl; quinazolyl; benzothiazolyl; benzothiadiazolyl; benzotriazolyl; benzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; indolyl; indanyl optionally substituted by one or two fluoro, 3-indazolyl optionally substituted by 1-trifluoromethylphenyl; or phthalazinyl; n is 1 or 2; and X and Y together with the phenyl to which they are attached form quinoly1; 2-hydroxyquinoly1; benzothiazoly1; 2-aminobenzothiazoly1; benzoisothiazolyl; indazolyl; 2-hydroxyindazolyl; indolyl; spiro; oxindolyl optionally substituted by one to three of (C.sub.1-C.sub.3) alkyl, or one of chloro, fluoro or phenyl, said phenyl optionally substituted by one chloro or fluoro; benzoxazolyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolinyl; benzothiazolonyl; bezoimidazolonyl; or benzotriazolyl.

6. The method of claim 5, for stabilizing mood.

7. The method of claim 5, for preventing relapse into a bipolar episode.

8. The method of any preceding claim wherein the compound is ziprasidone.

9. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the compound is ziprasidone and is administered in dosages of about 0.5 mg to about 500 mg per day.

10. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the compound is ziprasidone and the administration is oral. 11. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the compound is ziprasidone and the administration is parenteral. 12. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the treatments effect improvement in the mammal within about 96 hours after administrating the compound. 13. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the treatments effect improvement in the mammal within about 24 to about 96 hours after administering the compound. ISSUE U.S. PATENT CLASSIF.: 514/253.060 MAIN: SECONDARY: 514/254.020; 514/254.060 CURRENT U.S. PATENT CLASSIF.: MATN: 514/253.060 514/254.020; 514/254.060 SECONDARY: COOP. PATENT CLASSIF.: INITIAL: A61K0031-496 [I] INT. PATENT CLASSIF.: [7] A61K0031-496 [ICM,7] INITIAL: RECLASS: A61K0031-496 [I]; A61P0025-00 [I]; A61P0025-24 [I] CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS INDEXING COPYRIGHT 2013 ACS on STN ------PATENT KIND DATE _____ _ CA 141:420463 * WO 2004100957 A1 20041125 OS * CA Indexing for this record included CA CLASSIF.: 1-11 (Pharmacology) SUPPL. TERM: bipolar disorder treatment piperazinyl heterocyclic compd; ziprasidone treatment acute mania depression mood stabilization; suicide thought treatment ziprasidone INDEX TERM: Dopamine receptors (D1, ziprasidone affinity for, in central nervous system tissue; treatment of bipolar disorders and associated symptoms using piperazinyl-heterocyclic compds., especially ziprasidone) INDEX TERM: Dopamine receptors (D1A, ziprasidone affinity for, in central nervous system tissue; treatment of bipolar disorders and associated symptoms using piperazinyl-heterocyclic compds., especially ziprasidone) . . . INDEX TERM: 50-67-9, 5-HT, biological studies 51-41-2, Norepinephrine 51-61-6, Dopamine, biological studies (ziprasidone blockade of reuptake of; treatment of bipolar disorders and associated symptoms using piperazinyl-heterocyclic compds., especially ziprasidone)

D CLM.EX

-- Original Publication -- (APPLICATION - A1)

CLM What is claimed is:

1. A method for treating rapid-cycling bipolar disorder in a mammal in need thereof comprising administering to said mammal a pharmaceutically effective amount of a compound of formula ##STR5## or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof, wherein Ar is benzoisothiazolyl or an oxide or dioxide thereof each optionally substituted by one fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano, nitro or naphthyl optionally substituted by fluoro, chloro,

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trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano or nitro; quinolyl; 6-hydroxy-8-quinolyl; isoquinolyl; quinazolyl; benzothiazolyl; benzothiadiazolyl; benzotriazolyl; benzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; indolyl; indanyl optionally substituted by one or two fluoro, 3-indazolyl optionally substituted by 1-trifluoromethylphenyl; or phthalazinyl; n is 1 or 2; and X and Y together with the phenyl to which they are attached form quinolyl; 2-hydroxyquinolyl; benzothiazolyl; 2-aminobenzothiazolyl; benzoisothiazolyl; indazolyl; 2-hydroxyindazolyl; indolyl; spiro; oxindolyl optionally substituted by one to three of (C.sub.1-C.sub.3) alkyl, or one of chloro, fluoro or phenyl, said phenyl optionally substituted by one chloro or fluoro; benzoxazolyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolinyl; benzothiazolnyl; or benzothiazolyl.

2. A method of treating in a mammal in need thereof a symptom of bipolar disorder selected from the group consisting of acute mania, depression, and suicidal thoughts or suicidal tendencies, which method comprises administering to said mammal a pharmaceutically effective amount of a compound of formula ##STR6## or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof, wherein Ar is benzoisothiazolyl or an oxide or dioxide thereof each optionally substituted by one fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano, nitro or naphthyl optionally substituted by fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano or nitro; quinoly1; 6-hydroxy-8-quinoly1; isoquinoly1; quinazoly1; benzothiazoly1; benzothiadiazolyl; benzotriazolyl; benzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; indolyl; indanyl optionally substituted by one or two fluoro, 3-indazolyl optionally substituted by 1-trifluoromethylphenyl; or phthalazinyl; n is 1 or 2; and X and Y together with the phenyl to which they are attached form quinolyl; 2-hydroxyquinolyl; benzothiazolyl; 2-aminobenzothiazolyl; benzoisothiazolyl; indazolyl; 2-hydroxyindazolyl; indolyl; spiro; oxindolyl optionally substituted by one to three of (C.sub.1-C.sub.3) alkyl, or one of chloro, fluoro or phenyl, said phenyl optionally substituted by one chloro or fluoro; benzoxazolyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolinyl; benzothiazolonyl; bezoimidazolonyl; or benzotriazolyl.

3. The method of claim 2 wherein the symptom is selected from the group consisting of acute mania and depression.

4. The method of claim 2 wherein the symptom is suicidal thoughts or tendencies.

5. A method of stabilizing mood or of preventing relapse into a bipolar episode in a mammal afflicted with bipolar disorder, which method comprises administering to said mammal a pharmaceutically effective amount of a compound of formula ##STR7## or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof, wherein Ar is benzoisothiazolyl or an oxide or dioxide thereof each optionally substituted by one fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano, nitro or naphthyl optionally substituted by fluoro, chloro, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, cyano or nitro; quinolyl; 6-hydroxy-8-quinolyl; isoquinolyl; quinazolyl; benzothiazolyl; benzothiadiazolyl; benzotriazolyl; benzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; indolyl; indanyl optionally substituted by one or two fluoro, 3-indazolyl optionally substituted by 1-trifluoromethylphenyl; or phthalazinyl; n is 1 or 2; and X and Y together with the phenyl to which they are attached form quinolyl; 2-hydroxyquinolyl; benzothiazolyl; 2-aminobenzothiazolyl; benzoisothiazolyl; indazolyl; 2-hydroxyindazolyl; indolyl; spiro; oxindolyl optionally substituted by one to three of (C.sub.1-C.sub.3) alkyl, or one of chloro, fluoro or phenyl, said phenyl optionally substituted by one chloro or fluoro; benzoxazolyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolyl; benzoxazolonyl; 2-aminobenzoxazolinyl; benzothiazolonyl; bezoimidazolonyl; or benzotriazolyl.

6. The method of claim 5, for stabilizing mood.

7. The method of claim 5, for preventing relapse into a bipolar episode.

8. The method of any preceding claim wherein the compound is ziprasidone.

9. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the compound is ziprasidone and is administered in dosages of about 0.5 mg to about 500 mg per day.

10. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the compound is ziprasidone and the administration is oral.

11. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the compound is ziprasidone and the administration is parenteral.

12. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the treatments effect improvement in the mammal within about 96 hours after administrating the compound.

13. The method of claim 1, 2, or 5 wherein the treatments effect improvement in the mammal within about 24 to about 96 hours after administering the compound.

DISPLAY BIB.EX

ANSWER 1 OF 1 USPATFULL on STN -- Original Publication -- (APPLICATION - A1) 2005:44303 USPATFULL Full-text AN Treatment of bipolar disorders and associated symptoms ΤI ΤN Romano, Steven Joseph, New York, NY, UNITED STATES Giller, Earl L., Madison, CT, UNITED STATES Harrigan, Edmund P., Old Lyme, CT, UNITED STATES Seeger, Thomas F., Mystic, CT, UNITED STATES PA Pfizer Inc (U.S. corporation) A1 20050217 ΡI US 20050038036 US 2004-843915 A1 20040512 (10) AI PRAI US 2003-471450P 20030516 (60) DTUtility APPLICATION FS PFIZER INC, 150 EAST 42ND STREET, 5TH FLOOR - STOP 49, NEW YORK, NY, LREP 10017-5612 CLMN Number of Claims: 13 Exemplary Claim: 1 ECL DRWN No Drawings LN.CNT 972 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

DISPLAY SPP

ANSWER 1 OF 1 USPATFULL on STN Г1 AN 2019:273623 USPATFULL Full-text Soybean variety 5PCDJ10 ΤI Owen, Philip A., Baldwin, IL, UNITED STATES IN PA MONSANTO TECHNOLOGY LLC, St. Louis, MO, UNITED STATES (U.S. corporation) ΡI US 10368520 B1 20190806 20180524 (15) US 2018-15988342 AI DT Utility FS GRANTED LN.CNT 2255 CPC CPCI A01H0005-10 [I]; A01H0006-542 [I] IPC IPCI A01H0005-10 [I]; A01H0006-54 [I] IPCR A01H0005-10 [I]; A01H0006-54 [I] CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. PPAK 100-47-0D, Benzonitrile, Pg 20 290-87-9D, Triazine, Pg 20 30581-70-5D, Cyclohexanedione, Pg 20 35724-27-7D, Pg 20 38669-41-9D, Phenoxypropionic acid, Pg 20 1071-83-6, Glyphosate, Pg 20 1689-84-5, Bromoxynil, Pg 20 1918-00-9, Dicamba, Pg 20 51276-47-2, Glufosinate, Pg 20

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